**Introduction:**

* List two factors that led to European exploration of the Americas: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: technology that allowed sailors to determine their latitude at sea using the stars.

**Section 1: The Age of Exploration**

* Explorer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are believed to have reached America before Christopher Columbus.

Christopher Columbus

* Christopher \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ developed an idea for voyage to Asia but could not get support from Portugal. Columbus eventually got support from the King and Queen of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* He first reached land on October 12th, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and claimed it for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Columbus landed on the island of Cuba which he thought was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Continuing Search for Asia

* Italian explorer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was the first to realize that the Americas were not Asia.
* Vasco Nunez de \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ explored Panama and was the first European to see the Pacific Ocean.
* Portuguese explorer Ferdinand \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ set out to find an Atlantic-Pacific passage.
  + A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a narrow passage that connects two large bodies of water.
  + Magellan’s crew became the first to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or travel around, the entire Earth, which allowed Europeans to understand the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of Earth.
* The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was the transfer goods, people and ideas with between the Eastern and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Hemispheres.

*Checkpoint:*

Which country financially supported the voyages of Columbus?

What impact did the Columbian Exchange have on Europe?

**Section 2: Spain’s Empire in the Americas**

* From Spain’s island colonies in the Caribbean, Spanish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ set out to conquer the new world.

Cortes and Pizarro Conquer Aztecs & Incas

* In 1519, conquistador Hernando \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and 500 soldiers sailed to Mexico from Cuba where Native Americans presented him with gifts of \_\_\_\_\_.
* Aztec leader Moctezuma offered Cortes gold to get him to leave, but Cortes took Moctezuma \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and claimed all of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Spain.
* Cortes eventually destroyed Tenochtitlan and built \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the capital of New \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Francisco Pizzaro landed on Peru to search for the Incas’ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Pizarro and the Spanish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the Inca ruler, defeated the Incas, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their capital city.

Why the Spanish Were Victorious:

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ such as cannons, armor, and muskets.
* The Spanish rode \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, which Native Americans had not seen before.
* Native Americans were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ among themselves.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ killed many of the Native Americans.

Spanish Explorers

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was the first Spaniard to set foot in what is now the United States.
* Francisco \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was looking for a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when he explored much of New Mexico, Arizona, and Texas.
* Spanish explorer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ found the Mississippi River.

Spanish Colonial America

* A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a group of people who settle in a distant land but are still ruled by the government of their native land.
* Government official granted settlers huge pieces of land to start \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – large farms worked by laborers who live on the property.
* Spanish government granted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - land grants that included the right to demand \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from Native Americans.
* The Spanish set up \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, religious settlements, in their colonies to convert Native Americans to Christianity.
* At the top of the social structure in Spanish colonies were the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – Spanish colonists who had been born in Spain. (Almost all gov’t officials came from this class.)

*Checkpoint*:

How were Native Americans treated under the encomienda system?

Peninsulares were who in the social class of early Latin America?

**Section 3: Europeans Compete in North America**

* During the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Reformation, many European rulers had split from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Church.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tensions created by the Reformation inflamed rivalries between European nations.
* Spain and other European countries used the system of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, meaning that colonies existed to make the home country \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and powerful.
* The defeat of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by England weakened Spain’s control of the seas and allowed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to start colonies in the Americas.

Northwest Passage

* European nations hoped to gain a channel to reach Asia quicker & easier from a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* John Cabot explored the area around \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. His ships \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ without a trace.
* Henry Hudson reached New York. Hudson was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by his crew in 1611 and never heard from again.

*Checkpoint*: Why did explorers continue to look for routes to Asia?

**Section 4: France and the Netherlands in North America**

* French colonists established an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ trade with the Native Americans.
* Jacques Marquette and Louis Joliet traveled along the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ River for a month.
* The exploration of the MS River was completed by Robert \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, also known as \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ named the Mississippi Valley “Louisiana” after King Louis XIV.
* The Dutch West India Company established permanent settlements in northern U.S. which they called “\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."
* What today is Albany was founded as a Dutch fur-trading post called \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* An \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an agreement between parties that benefits them both.
* Europeans brought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to America which caused the greatest number of Native American deaths.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of animals weakened the food chain on which Native Americans depended.
* As animals disappeared, Native Americans’ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ became more valuable to the colonists

*Checkpoint*: How were Native Americans impacted by their alliances with Europeans?

ESSAY

1. What are two examples of the impact the Americas had on Europe during the Columbian exchange? (Section 1)
2. What are three factors that contributed to the Spanish soldiers’ defeat large over the American armies? (Section 2)
3. Explain how the Protestant Reformation led to European colonization of the Americas. (Section 3)
4. Explain how Native Americans were negatively affected by their alliances with Europeans. (Section 4)